



61712

ROLL No.

--	--	--	--	--

TEST BOOKLET No.

095

TEST FOR POST GRADUATE PROGRAMMES

INSTRUMENTATION

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 450

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. You are provided with a Test Booklet and an Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet to mark your responses. Do not soil the Answer Sheet. Read carefully all the instructions given on the Answer Sheet.
 2. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of this page.
 3. Also write your Roll Number, Test Code, and Test Subject in the columns provided for the same on the Answer Sheet. Darken the appropriate bubbles with a **Ball Point Pen**.
 4. The paper consists of 150 objective type questions. All questions carry equal marks.
 5. Each question has four alternative responses marked **A, B, C** and **D** and you have to **darken** the bubble fully by a **Ball Point Pen** corresponding to the correct response as indicated in the example shown on the Answer Sheet.
 6. Each correct answer carries 3 marks and each wrong answer carries 1 minus mark.
 7. Please do your rough work only on the space provided for it at the end of this Test Booklet.
 8. You should return the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before you leave the examination hall. However, you can retain the Test Booklet.
 9. Every precaution has been taken to avoid errors in the Test Booklet. In the event of such unforeseen happenings the same may be brought to the notice of the Observer/Chief Superintendent in writing. Suitable remedial measures will be taken at the time of evaluation, if necessary.
-

SEAL



INSTRUMENTATION

1. Which one of the following logic gates is similar to the function of two switches in series?

- (A) OR
- (B) Exclusive OR
- (C) NOR
- (D) AND

2. Compared with CMOS devices, the TTL devices have

- (A) high power consumption
- (B) low power consumption
- (C) low speed operation
- (D) None of the above

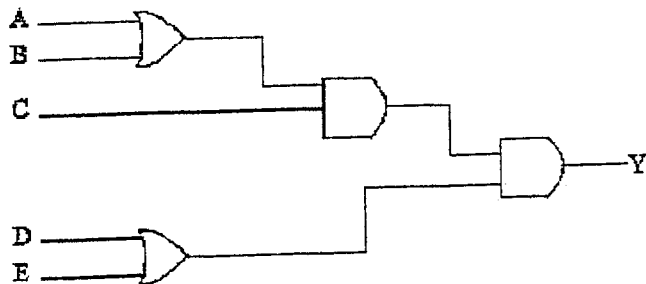
3. Two 4-bit binary numbers '1000' and '0100' are multiplied. What is the decimal value of the result?

- (A) 1000
- (B) 100
- (C) 32
- (D) None of the above

4. The hexadecimal value of the binary number '0100 0010' is

- (A) 66
- (B) 42
- (C) 24
- (D) None of the above

5. Consider the logic circuit diagram given below.



The output 'Y' is given as

- (A) $(AB + C) . D.E$
- (B) $(A+B).C.(D+E)$
- (C) $(A+B).C.(D+E)\#$
- (D) $(A.B+C)+D.E$

Note: The '#' symbol indicates a bar over the previous term



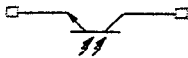
6. If an input of a TTL OR gate is left unconnected, what would be the output?
- (A) High (B) Low
(C) May be high or low (D) High impedance state
7. The width of address bus in 8086 microprocessor is
- (A) 8-bit (B) 16-bit
(C) 20-bit (D) 24-bit
8. Which one of the following programmable logic devices have programmable AND and programmable OR matrices?
- (A) ROM (B) PAL
(C) PLA (D) None of the above
9. Compared with static RAM, the dynamic RAM devices
- (A) are slow (B) have low packing density
(C) are expensive (D) do not require refresh
10. Flash memory is
- (A) ROM (B) EPROM
(C) EEPROM (D) RAM
11. Identify the three to eight decoders in the following
- (A) 74LS244 (B) 74LS245
(C) 74LS139 (D) 74LS138
12. Data bus lines of the microprocessor are
- (A) input lines (B) output lines
(C) bidirectional lines (D) None of the above
13. In assembly language programming, the memory space allocated for a variable by assembler directive 'DB' definition is
- (A) one byte (B) two bytes
(C) four bytes (D) eight bytes



14. How many discrete levels of analog voltages are generated by a 4-bit voltage output DAC?

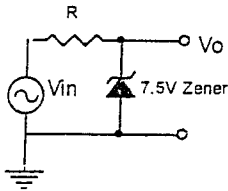
- (A) 4 (B) 16
(C) 64 (D) 256

15. The following symbol refers to



- (A) phototransistor (B) photodiode
(C) LED (D) opto-coupler

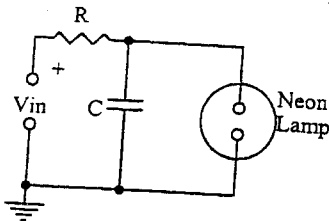
16. The output voltage V_o in the following circuit (assume ideal Zener diode)



- (A) can vary between -7.5V and -15V
(B) can vary between 0V and $+7.5\text{V}$
(C) can vary between $+7.5\text{V}$ and $+15\text{V}$
(D) always zero
17. Which of the following is the characteristic of ideal operational amplifier?
- (A) Input impedance zero (B) Output impedance zero
(C) Bandwidth zero (D) Gain zero
18. The IC $\mu\text{A}741$ is a
- (A) digital IC (B) timer IC
(C) operational amplifier (D) DAC
19. Current through a p-n junction diode in reverse biased condition is due to
- (A) minority carriers (B) majority carriers
(C) both majority and minority carriers (D) cannot be determined

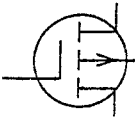


20. Shielded cables generally prevents interference through
- (A) capacitive coupling
 - (B) inductive coupling
 - (C) resistive coupling
 - (D) inductive and resistive coupling
21. Separation of AF from RF in radio communication is known as
- (A) modulation
 - (B) mixing
 - (C) demodulation
 - (D) rectification
22. Which type of modulation is employed in TV to carry picture information?
- (A) Frequency modulation
 - (B) Amplitude modulation
 - (C) Phase modulation
 - (D) Digital modulation
23. A low pass filter
- (A) passes low frequencies
 - (B) passes high frequencies
 - (C) passes narrow band of frequencies
 - (D) rejects narrow band of frequencies
24. The ability of a receiver to separate two signals of closely placed frequencies is known as
- (A) sensitivity
 - (B) S/N Ratio
 - (C) selectivity
 - (D) gain
25. In the circuit given below, the neon lamp flickers at a rate set by 'R', 'C' and 'Vin'. If 'C' is decreased, what would happen to the rate of flickering?



- (A) Increase
- (B) Decrease
- (C) Remains same
- (D) Cannot be determined



26. Radio Frequency interference in signal conditioning circuits is reduced by proper
- (A) grounding technique (B) shielding technique
(C) filtering technique (D) None of the above
27. A fan motor is classified into which of the following types?
- (A) AC induction motor (B) DC motor
(C) Stepper motor (D) Servo motor
28. Which of the following amplifier offers high common mode rejection?
- (A) Differential amplifier (B) Instrumentation amplifier
(C) Isolation amplifier (D) Non-inverting amplifier
29. The following symbol refers to
- 
- (A) FET (B) n-channel MOSFET
(C) p-channel MOSFET (D) None of the above
30. If Black, Brown, and Yellow colour bands are seen on a resistor, the value of resistance is
- (A) 1 Kohms (B) 10 Kohms
(C) 100 Kohms (D) 1Mohms
31. Which of the following type of ADCs require S/H amplifier?
- (A) Integration type
(B) Successive approximation type
(C) Flash converter
(D) Sigma-Delta converter



32. Find current output of 4-bit DAC based on R-2R ladder network for a digital input of 1011. The ladder network has resistor values of $R = 10k\Omega$ and the reference voltage is 10V
- (A) 0.5 mA
(B) 0.6875 mA
(C) 1.05 mA
(D) 1.6875 mA
33. In astable multivibrator
- (A) both states are not stable
(B) one state is stable
(C) both states are stable
(D) Not determined
34. Which of the following is generally used for conditioning thermocouple signals?
- (A) Inverting amplifier
(B) Instrumentation amplifier
(C) Bridge amplifier
(D) Logarithmic amplifier
35. Which of the following is used for detecting change in resistance?
- (A) Filter
(B) Bridge circuit
(C) Isolator
(D) Amplifier
36. Which of the following signals of Instrumentation Amplifier ICs is given to reduce the effect of cable capacitance and leakage?
- (A) Guard
(B) Sense
(C) Reference
(D) Output
37. The volume of the bulb of a liquid filled thermometer is $1000mm^3$. Its time constant and sensitivity are respectively 300 s and $3.6mm/^\circ C$. If the volume of the bulb is reduced to $500mm^3$, the sensitivity becomes
- (A) $7.2mm/^\circ C$
(B) $10.8mm/^\circ C$
(C) $1.8mm/^\circ C$
(D) $0.6mm/^\circ C$
38. Identify an active sensor in the following
- (A) thermocouple
(B) RTD
(C) thermistor
(D) strain gauge



39. The phase change at cut off frequency for a -20dB low-pass filter is
- (A) 0° (B) -45°
(C) $+45^\circ$ (D) -90°
40. To convert a galvanometer to an ammeter,
- (A) a resistance is introduced in series with the galvanometer
(B) a resistance is connected in parallel to the galvanometer
(C) a capacitance is connected in series with the galvanometer
(D) None of the above
41. What is the prime application of IC555?
- (A) Timer (B) Amplifier
(C) Integrator (D) Differentiator
42. A memory device has 16 bit address bus. How many locations are there?
- (A) 4K (B) 16K
(C) 64K (D) 128K
43. The Boolean expression $(A\# + B\# + C\#)\#$ is equal to
Note: The '#' symbol indicates a bar over the previous term
- (A) $A.B.C$ (B) $A + B + C$
(C) $A\# . B\# . C\#$ (D) $(A + B + C)\#$
44. Which one of the following gates is most suitable to check the number of ones in a digital word is even or odd?
- (A) EX-OR (B) AND
(C) OR (D) NOT
45. The worst-case output voltages for logic low and logic high states of TTL devices are respectively given as
- (A) 0.4 V and 2.4 V (B) 0.8 V and 2.0 V
(C) 0.0 V and 5.0 V (D) 0.4 V and 2.8 V

46. When a 50Hz sinusoidal voltage is applied to the input of a full-wave rectifier, the output frequency is
- (A) 0Hz (B) 50Hz
(C) 100Hz (D) 200Hz
47. A diode that has a negative resistance characteristics is the
- (A) Schottky diode (B) tunnel diode
(C) laser diode (D) hot-carrier diode
48. In a voltage divided biased npn transistor, if the lower voltage divider resistor (the one connected to ground) opens,
- (A) the transistor is not affected
(B) the transistor may be driven into cut off
(C) the transistor may be driven into saturation
(D) the collector current will decrease
49. A JFET always operates with
- (A) the gate-to-source pn junction reverse-biased
(B) the gate-to-source pn junction forward-biased
(C) the drain connected to ground
(D) the gate connected to source
50. Common mode gain is generally
- (A) very high (B) very low
(C) always unity (D) None of the above
51. A freshly prepared radioactive source of half-life 2 hours emits radiation of intensity which is 64 times the permissible safe level. The minimum time after which it would be possible to work safely with the source is
- (A) 6 hours (B) 12 hours
(C) 24 hours (D) 48 hours



52. An alpha particle and a deuteron projected with equal kinetic energies describe circular paths of radii r_1 and r_2 respectively in a uniform magnetic field. The ratio r_1/r_2 is
- (A) 1
(B) 2
(C) $1/(2)^{1/2}$
(D) $(2)^{1/2}$
53. The amount of heat required to raise the temperature of a unit mass of a substance by 1°K is
- (A) specific heat
(B) thermal capacity
(C) calories
(D) latent heat
54. If the net force 'F' acting on an object is a non-zero constant, which of the following could also be a constant?
- (A) Position
(B) Velocity
(C) Speed
(D) Acceleration
55. The unit of pressure in SI units is
- (A) Pascal
(B) Fermi
(C) Joule
(D) Erg
56. At high altitudes water boils at lower temperature because of
- (A) high pressure
(B) low pressure
(C) low surrounding temperature
(D) None of the above
57. The dimensional formula for density is
- (A) ML^{-1}
(B) ML^{-2}
(C) ML^{-3}
(D) None of the above
58. When the velocity of a moving body is doubled, its kinetic energy
- (A) is doubled
(B) becomes 3 times
(C) becomes 4 times
(D) becomes 6 times

59. If the length of a simple pendulum of period T is doubled, its time of oscillation becomes
- (A) $2T$ (B) $T/2$
(C) $4T$ (D) T^2
60. A body sinks in water if its density is
- (A) greater than that of water (B) less than that of water
(C) equal to that of water (D) None of the above
61. Resolving power of the prism depends on
- (A) base of the prism (B) angle of the prism
(C) transmission of the prism (D) angle of minimum deviation
62. Double refraction is exhibited by
- (A) water (B) NaCl
(C) calcite (D) oxygen
63. Optical fibers employ the principle of
- (A) interference (B) diffraction
(C) refraction (D) total internal reflection
64. Visible region in the electromagnetic spectrum is
- (A) 10 to 200 nm (B) 200 to 400 nm
(C) 400 to 800 nm (D) 800 to 1200 nm
65. If ' f ' is the frequency of a sound source observed by an observer at rest when the source is also at rest, what is the frequency ' f_0 ' observed by an observer when moving at the speed of v_0 towards the source which is also moving towards the observer at the speed of v_s ?
- (A) $f_0 = f \{(v - v_0) / (v - v_s)\}$ (B) $f_0 = f \{(v - v_0) / (v + v_s)\}$
(C) $f_0 = f \{(v + v_0) / (v - v_s)\}$ (D) $f_0 = f \{(v + v_0) / (v + v_s)\}$

66. The effect, which explains the splitting of spectral lines by external magnetic field, is
- (A) Zeeman effect (B) Stark effect
(C) Raman effect (D) Compton effect
67. Impulse is equal to change of
- (A) velocity (B) acceleration
(C) momentum (D) energy
68. When light falls on certain materials, it results in flow of current through the external circuit. The effect is known as
- (A) Piezo resistive effect (B) Piezo electric effect
(C) photo voltaic effect (D) None of the above
69. A device that converts electric energy into mechanical energy is
- (A) dynamo (B) motor
(C) transformer (D) None of the above
70. A super conducting material in the super conducting state is
- (A) paramagnetic (B) diamagnetic
(C) ferromagnetic (D) None of the above
71. The prefix 'tera' refers to which one of the following power of 10?
- (A) 10^{12} (B) 10^9
(C) 10^6 (D) 10^3
72. If λ_m is the wavelength of the radiation emitted with maximum energy in the spectrum of blackbody, and T is the Kelvin temperature, then Wien's displacement law states that the wavelength λ_m is proportional to
- (A) $1/T$ (B) $1/T^2$
(C) $1/T^3$ (D) $1/T^5$



73. The distance between two charges is doubled. Then the force between them becomes
- (A) double (B) same
(C) half (D) one fourth
74. The popular Einstein's mass energy equation is
- (A) $E = mc^2$ (B) $E = hv$
(C) $E = kT$ (D) $E = (\frac{1}{2})mv^2$
75. Thermal conductivity is low for
- (A) brass (B) wood
(C) aluminum (D) silver
76. Frictional force acts in
- (A) same direction of the motion
(B) opposite direction to the motion
(C) in all direction
(D) None of the above
77. To get a real magnified image with a convex lens, the object must be placed
- (A) at f (B) at $2f$
(C) beyond $2f$ (D) between f and $2f$
78. The wavelength of Helium-Neon Laser beam is
- (A) 632.80 nm (B) 452.00 nm
(C) 589.00 nm (D) 380.00 nm
79. At what temperature the density of water is the maximum?
- (A) 0°C (B) 4°C
(C) 100°C (D) None of the above
80. Heavy water is represented by
- (A) H_2O (B) D_2O
(C) T_2O (D) T_3O



81. For the materials having PTC (positive temperature coefficient) of resistivity, increase in temperature
- (A) increases the resistivity
 - (B) decreases the resistivity
 - (C) keeps the resistivity constant
 - (D) the change in resistivity can not be determined
82. Four 20 μfd capacitors are connected in series. Its effective value is
- (A) 10 μfd
 - (B) 80 μfd
 - (C) 40 μfd
 - (D) 5 μfd .
83. In a tuned LC circuit, if 'L' is decreased what would happen to the resonant frequency?
- (A) Increases
 - (B) Decreases
 - (C) Remains same
 - (D) Cannot be determined
84. In decibels, the gain 100 is given as
- (A) 10dB
 - (B) 20dB
 - (C) 30dB
 - (D) 40dB
85. The number of valence electrons of donor impurity atoms added for the fabrication of n-type semiconductors is
- (A) 3
 - (B) 4
 - (C) 5
 - (D) None of the above
86. At which one of the following temperatures, the Hg becomes superconducting?
- (A) 4.2°K
 - (B) 11.0°K
 - (C) 77.0°K
 - (D) 123.0°K
87. The forbidden energy gap in an energy band diagram is '0eV' for
- (A) insulator
 - (B) semiconductor
 - (C) conductor
 - (D) None of the above



88. Which of the following gauges measures absolute pressure in the range 10 to 10^{-6} torr?
- (A) Pirani gauge (B) Penning gauge
(C) Hot-cathode ionization gauge (D) McLeod gauge
89. Which of the following motors uses brushes?
- (A) AC induction motor (B) DC motor
(C) Stepper motor (D) Servo motor
90. A 300 Hz sine wave is sampled at 500 Hz. What is the aliased frequency?
- (A) 800 Hz (B) 250 Hz
(C) 200 Hz (D) 300 Hz
91. Anti-aliasing filter is a
- (A) low-pass filter (B) high-pass filter
(C) band-pass filter (D) notch filter
92. Which of the following display systems requires back light for displaying the images?
- (A) LED (B) LCD
(C) CRT (D) None of the above
93. Which of the following signals controls the intensity of the electron beam and produces an image on the CRT screen?
- (A) video signal (B) horizontal sweep
(C) vertical sweep (D) None of the above
94. How many wires are there in a USB cable?
- (A) 4 (B) 9
(C) 15 (D) 25
95. The transfer function is defined as the Laplace Transform of the response for a
- (A) step input (B) impulse input
(C) ramp input (D) parabolic input



96. The viscous friction force is approximately linearly proportional to
- (A) displacement (B) velocity
(C) acceleration (D) None of the above
97. In signal flow graph, a node which has only outgoing branches is called
- (A) an input node (B) an output node
(C) a mixed node (D) a general node
98. Signal flow graphs can be used to represent
- (A) only linear systems
(B) only non-linear systems
(C) both linear and non-linear systems
(D) time invariant, time varying systems
99. If the characteristic equation of a system is $s^2 + 2s + 1 = 0$, the system is
- (A) undamped (B) overdamped
(C) critically damped (D) under damped
100. The Laplace Transform of impulse function is
- (A) zero (B) one
(C) $1/s$ (D) None of the above
101. RTD is a
- (A) temperature sensor (B) light sensor
(C) flow sensor (D) strain sensor
102. An instrument common in Electronics laboratories to measure waveform parameters of AC signals is
- (A) DMM (B) DVM
(C) CRO (D) Frequency counter
103. Temperature above 3000°C can be measured using
- (A) Thermocouple (B) Thermistor
(C) Mercury thermometer (D) Pyrometer

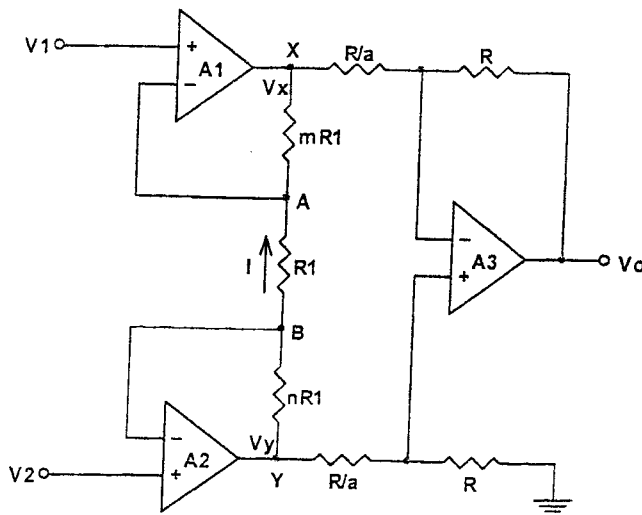


104. Wheatstone bridge is used to measure
- (A) resistance (B) capacitance
(C) inductance (D) frequency
105. Which method is suitable for flaw detection?
- (A) Photography (B) Radio frequency
(C) Laser (D) Ultrasonics
106. Basic function of a transducer is
- (A) to convert energy from one form to another form
(B) to amplify the signal,
(C) to process the signal,
(D) to display the signal
107. A voltmeter reads 3V at full-scale deflection and is graded as 6000 ohm/V. What resistance should be connected in series with it so that it reads 12V at full-scale deflection?
- (A) $1.8 \times 10^4 \Omega$ (B) $3.6 \times 10^4 \Omega$
(C) $5.4 \times 10^4 \Omega$ (D) $7.2 \times 10^4 \Omega$
108. Which of the following type of ADCs has noise-rejection capabilities?
- (A) Integration type ADC
(B) Successive Approximation ADC
(C) Flash converter
(D) None of the above
109. In clinical laboratories, colourimeter is used to measure
- (A) heat content (B) colour of a liquid
(C) optical density (D) None of the above
110. CT scanner uses
- (A) RF source (B) UV source
(C) Ultrasonic source (D) X-ray source

111. The pH value of pure water is
- (A) 0 (B) 7
(C) 14 (D) None of the above
112. White phosphorous is generally preserved in
- (A) alcohol (B) water
(C) kerosene (D) ether
113. The general formula for alkynes is
- (A) C_nH_{2n+2} (B) C_nH_{2n}
(C) C_nH_{2n-2} (D) C_nH_{2n-1}
114. The value of Avagadro number is
- (A) 6.023×10^{23} (B) 6.023×10^{-23}
(C) 6.23×10^{21} (D) 6.23×10^{-23}
115. Which of the following temperature sensors generate current output proportional to temperature?
- (A) AD590 (B) J-type thermocouple
(C) Pt-100 (D) LM335
116. Which of the following sensors is used in displacement measurements?
- (A) RTD (B) LVDT
(C) Piezoelectric sensor (D) Potentiometer
117. Which of the following type of ADC has 2.44 mV resolution?
- (A) 4-bit ADC operating in the voltage range of 0.0V to +10.0V
(B) 8-bit ADC operating in the voltage range of 0.0V to +5.0V
(C) 12-bit ADC operating in the voltage range of 0.0V to +10.0 V
(D) 16-bit ADC operating in the voltage range of -5.0V to +5.0V



118. Conversion time of 8-bit successive approximation type ADC driven by clock of frequency 1MHz is
- (A) $8\mu\text{sec}$ (B) $9\mu\text{sec}$
(C) 8msec (D) 9msec
119. Find the content of BL register after the execution of the following 8086 ALP instructions:
 MOV AX, 0502H
 MUL AL
 MOV BL, AH
- (A) 05H (B) 10H
(C) 02H (D) 00H
120. Find the resolution of 8-bit DAC operating with 10V internal reference
- (A) 0.1 V (B) 0.625 V
(C) 39.06 mV (D) 2.442 mV
121. A dual-slope integrating ADC has an internal clock of frequency 12 kHz. It integrates the signal for a period of 1000 counts. Find integration period of the signal.
- (A) 1000 ms (B) 83.3 ms
(C) 166.6 ms (D) None of the above
122. Consider the instrumentation amplifier shown below.





The output V_o is given as,

- (A) $V_o = a(1+m+n)(V_2 - V_1)$, (B) $V_o = a \{1/(1+m+n)\}(V_2 - V_1)$
(C) $V_o = \{(1+m+n)/a\}(V_2 - V_1)$ (D) None of the above

123. Which of the following bridge configurations offers linear response and more sensitivity?
- (A) Quarter bridge with voltage excitation
(B) Quarter bridge with current excitation
(C) Half bridge
(D) Full bridge
124. In a variable reluctance type tachometer, the rotor has 150 teeth and the counter records 13,500 pulses per second. What is the rotational speed?
- (A) 4,800 rpm (B) 5,400 rpm
(C) 6,000 rpm (D) 7,200 rpm
125. Volume flow rate specifies
- (A) the distance the liquid travels in a carrier per unit time
(B) volume of fluid delivered in unit time
(C) mass flowing in unit time
(D) None of the above
126. Which of the following motors work on digital inputs?
- (A) AC induction motor (B) Stepper motor
(C) DC motor (D) Servo motor
127. Which of the following flowmeters is based on measuring the change in frequency?
- (A) Doppler flowmeter (B) Transit-time flowmeter
(C) Electromagnetic flowmeter (D) None of the above
128. The primary colours are
- (A) Red, Green and Blue (B) Yellow, Magenta and Orange
(C) Black and White (D) Red, Green and Violet



129. Velocity of light in vacuum is
- (A) 3×10^8 m/s (B) 331 m/s
(C) 3×10^8 cm/s (D) 331 cm/s
130. An oscillator differs from an amplifier because
- (A) it has more gain
(B) it requires no input signal
(C) it requires no dc supply
(D) it always has the same output
131. The operation of a relaxation oscillator is based on
- (A) the charging and discharging of a capacitor
(B) a highly selective resonant circuit
(C) a very stable supply voltage
(D) low power consumption
132. The detector or discriminator in an AM or FM receiver
- (A) detects the difference frequency from the mixer
(B) changes the RF to IF
(C) recovers the audio signal
(D) maintains the constant IF amplitude
133. Which one of the following is not an operating system?
- (A) MS-DOS (B) WINDOWS
(C) VC++ (D) LINUX
134. Which one of the following header files is to be included in a 'C' programme to use the 'C' function 'cos (x)'?
- (A) stdio.h (B) graphics.h
(C) dos.h (D) math.h



135. `j = 1;`
`for (i = 1; i < 10; i++) j = j * i;`
 The above 'C' statements compute what?
- (A) 9! (B) 10!
 (C) 11! (D) None of the above
136. What is the output of the following 'C' statement?
`for (i=0; i<5; i++) printf ("%d", i);`
- (A) 0,2,4 (B) 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
 (C) 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 (D) 0
137. What does the standard IEEE 802.11b specify?
- (A) LAN that uses CSMA/CD (B) LAN that uses token pass
 (C) WLAN (D) Wireless LAN
138. In the following, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term. The number series is: 3, 10, 27, 4, 16, 64, 5, 25, 125
- (A) 3 (B) 4
 (C) 10 (D) 27
139. Differentiating the function $f(x) = \sin(ax + b)$, we get
- (A) $\cos(ax + b)$ (B) $\cos ax$
 (C) $a \cos(ax + b)$ (D) None of the above
140. At which value of x , the function $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 36x + 10$ has maxima?
- (A) -2 (B) 3
 (C) 6 (D) None of the above
141. If $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 1 & b & b^2 \\ 1 & c & c^2 \end{bmatrix} = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)$, then $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 16 \\ 1 & 8 & 64 \end{bmatrix} =$
- (A) 46 (B) 48
 (C) 84 (D) 64



142. Which of the following operations is performed by a microprocessor to get data from an input device?
- (A) I/O read
(B) I/O write
(C) Memory read
(D) Memory write
143. ISDN stands for
- (A) Integrated Systems Dialup Network
(B) Information Systems Digital Network
(C) Integrated Systems and Digital Network
(D) Integrated Services Digital Network
144. Read the following information and answer the question.
- All the roads of a city are either perpendicular or parallel to one another. The roads are all straight. Roads A, B, C, D and E are parallel to one another. Roads G, H, I, J, K, L and M are parallel to one another.
- (i) Road A is 1 km east of road B
(ii) Road B is $\frac{1}{2}$ km west of road C
(iii) Road D is 1 km west of road E
(iv) Road G is $\frac{1}{2}$ km south of road H
(v) Road I is 1 km north of road J
(vi) Road K is $\frac{1}{2}$ km north of road L
(vii) Road M is 1 km south of road L
- If E is between B and C, which of the following is false?
- (A) E and B intersect
(B) D is 2 km west of B
(C) D is at least 2 km west of A
(D) M is 1.5 km north of L
145. Two pipes A and B can fill a tank in 6 hours and 4 hours respectively. If they are opened on alternate hours and if pipe A is opened first, in how many hours, the tank shall be full?
- (A) 4
(B) 5
(C) $4\frac{1}{2}$
(D) $5\frac{1}{2}$



146. The geometric series $S_n = a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^{n-1}$, for $|r| < 1$ or $-1 < r < +1$
- (A) converges (B) diverges
(C) oscillates (D) None of the above
147. The probability that a number selected at random between 100 and 999 (both inclusive) will not contain the digit 7 is
- (A) 11/25 (B) 12/25
(C) 16/25 (D) 18/25
148. HTML is used to
- (A) edit text (B) develop web pages
(C) drawing graphic images (D) process photos
149. Allowing different parts of a program to execute concurrently is called
- (A) Multitasking (B) Multiprogramming
(C) Multithreading (D) Multischeduling
150. Which of the following is a connectionless protocol?
- (A) UDP (B) TCP/IP
(C) SNMP (D) HTTP
