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60112	
ROLL No.	

TEST BOOKLET No.

271

TEST FOR POST GRADUATE PROGRAMMES

BIOTECHNOLOGY

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 450

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- You are provided with a Test Booklet and an Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet to mark your responses. Do not soil the Answer Sheet. Read carefully all the instructions given on the Answer Sheet.
- 2. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of this page.
- 3. Also write your Roll Number, Test Code, and Test Subject in the columns provided for the same on the **Answer Sheet**. Darken the appropriate bubbles with a **Ball Point Pen**.
- 4. The paper consists of 150 objective type questions. All questions carry equal marks.
- 5. Each question has four alternative responses marked A, B, C and D and you have to darken the bubble fully by a Ball Point Pen corresponding to the correct response as indicated in the example shown on the Answer Sheet.
- 6. Each correct answer carries 3 marks and each wrong answer carries 1 minus mark.
- 7. Please do your rough work only on the space provided for it at the end of this Test Booklet.
- 8. You should return the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before you leave the examination hall. However, you can retain the Test Booklet.
- 9. Every precaution has been taken to avoid errors in the Test Booklet. In the event of such unforeseen happenings the same may be brought to the notice of the Observer/Chief Superintendent in writing. Suitable remedial measures will be taken at the time of evaluation, if

BIOTECHNOLOGY

1.	Which of the following transgenic plant is a B-carotene yielder?			
	, ,	Rice Pea	(B) (D)	Carrot Tomato
2.	LSC an	d SSC regions of the genome are	foun	d in
		nucleus chloroplast	(B) (D)	mitochondrion bacterium
3	The CC	CMB is situated in		
	` '	Lucknow Hyderabad	(B) (D)	
4.	Ac-Ds l	higher plant transposon was first	descr	ibed in
	(A) (C)	maize tobacco	(B) (D)	arabidopsis pea
5.	A bacterium can divide every 20 min. Beginning with a single individu how many bacteria will there be in the population, if there is an exponent growth for 3 hours?			
	(A) (C)	18 512	(B) (D)	440 1024
6.	An alle	rgic reaction is initiated by the fo	llowii	ng antibody
		Ig G Ig A	(B) (D)	
7. DNA foot-printing is used to				
	(A) (B) (C) (D)		e DN	A

8.	Which one of the following genes confers freezing tolerance in animals?			
	(A)	Aaa3	(B)	CAT
		Aroa	` ′	ADH
9.	Produc	ing a blue-coloured rose involve	s man	ipulation of
	(A)	flavonoid biosynthesis pathwa	ay	
	` ,	carotenoid biosynthesis pathwa	_	
		chlorophyll biosynthesis pathw	ay	
	(D)	alkaloid biosynthesis pathway		
10.	Glypho	osate is a herbicide which inhibits	8	
	(A)	pigment biosynthesis		
		nucleic acid biosynthesis		
		energy production		
	(D)	aromatic amino acid biosynthes	S1S	
11.	1. In polymerase chain reaction, the DNA denaturation temperature is			iration temperature is
	(A)	95°C	(B)	75°C
	(C)	120°C	(D)	65°C
12.	P53 is i	mplicated in		
	(A)	cystic fibrosis	(B)	tumor suppression
		alzheimers	(D)	AIDS
13.	The mo	ost abundant polysaccharide on E	arth is	
	(A)	cellulose	(B)	chitin
	(C)	lignin	(D)	starch
14.	The mo	st abundant RNA present in the	cell is	
	(A)	mRNA	(B)	tRNA
	(C)	rRNA	(D)	anti-sense RNA
1.5	OED !	. 1 . 10		
15.	GFP is	isolated from		
	(A)	chloroplast	(B)	flowers
	(C)	jelly fish	(D)	wings of butterfly

16.	Cloning	was first carried out in		
		monkey guinea pig	(B) (D)	cat lamb
17.	` '	3 Ab has been successfully generated	erated t	hrough
	(A)	stem cell culture	(B)	hela cell culture hybridoma cell culture
		tobacco root culture ands of gene expression can be st	•	
18.	Thousar	nds of gene expression can be si	uaica	uonig uio 10110
	(4)	DNA finger printing	(B)	PCR
	(A) (C)	Gene finder	(D)	
19.	Which	one of the following is involved	in alco	ohol production?
	(4)	Agnoraillus	(B)	Zygomonas
	(A) (C)	Aspergillus Bacillus	(D)	
20.	By whi	ch method can DNA be directly	introd	luced into a cell without a vector?
	(A)	Gene knock out	(B)	Gene amplification
	(A) (C)		(D)	
21.	Dideox	xy nucleotide is commonly emp	loyed i	n
	(1)	mutation	(B)	nucleotide substitution
	(A) (C)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(D)	DNA repair
22.	Which	of the following enzyme is spe	cificall	y used in PCR?
	(4)	Ligase	(B)	Reverse transcriptase
		Methylase	(D)	Taq polymerase
23.	PCR v	vas invented by		
	(4)	E M Southern	(B)) Kerry Mullis
	(A) (C)		(D	

24.	The Hybridoma cells have the capacity of producing			ducing
	(A) (C)	RBC CD4 cells	(B) (D)	antigen antibodies
25.	RFLP	can be used in		
	(B) (C)	forensic study intron analysis amplification of template comparison of closely related s	pecies	1
26.	Chloro	plast contains the following pigm	ents:	
		Chlorophyll a Carotenoids	(B) (D)	Chlorophyll b All of the above
27.	Which	of the following gas is involved i	n glol	oal warming?
	. ,	CO SO ₂	(B) (D)	CH ₄ O ₃
28.	The cul	tivation of honey bees is called		
	, ,	agriculture apiculture	(B) (D)	
29.	Cells w	ithout cell wall are called		
		tonoplasts leucoplasts	(B) (D)	protoplasts chromoplasts
30.	Virus-fi	ree plants can be obtained throug	h	
		root culture callus culture	(B) (D)	mericloning floriculture
31.	An orga	nism capable of causing disease	is kno	own as
	(A) (C)	phage fungus	(B) (D)	mycoplasma pathogen

32.	Which one of the following plant is us	ed for bio-diesel production?
	(A) Sunflower(C) Jatropha	(B) Castor(D) Groundnut
33.	The haploids can be raised from	
	(A) endosperm (C) somaclone	(B) callus (D) pollen
34.	The structure of the protein is mostly	determined by
	(A) hydrogen bonds(C) disulphide bridges	(B) amino acid sequence(D) polypeptides
35.	The number of units of activity per m	g protein of enzyme is known as
	(A) specific activity(C) molar activity	(B) turn over number(D) allosteric activity
36.	Crown-gall is caused by	
	(A) candida (C) agrobacterium	(B) fusarium(D) azospirillum
37.	In commercially important seeds, the	dormancy can be broken by
	(A) 2,4-D (C) GA ₃	(B) ABA (D) IBA
38.	Which among the following is an im	portant rice biofertilizer?
	(A) Water hyacinth(C) Pistia	(B) Ottelia (D) Azolla
39.	Non Watson-Crick pairing is most c	ommon in
	(A) A-DNA (C) C-DNA	(B) B-DNA (D) Z-DNA

40.	The first transgenic animal reported was a			
	(A) (C)	mouse fish	(B) (D)	pig lamb
41.	Which	of the following is a post-transla	tional	event?
		Addition of polyA tail Demethylation	(B) (D)	Methylation Glycosylation
42.	Which	of the following antibiotics is of	recent	t origin?
	(A) (C)	Penicillin Streptomycin	(B) (D)	•
43.		of the following environment molecular biology?	ally f	riendly marker is employed in
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)	Tracers Metabolic genes
44.		ave a mechanism that removes in fically called as	itrons	and yields mRNA. This process
	, ,	RNA splicing processing of RNA	` '	RNA maturation RNA editing
45.	Among	the following, which one of ther	n is no	ot protein but an enzyme?
	(A) (C)	Metallo enzyme Zymogen	(B) (D)	Allosteric enzyme Ribozyme
46.	The pro	cess of making a product of a ge	ne is	
		genetic map gene expression		gene therapy genetic engineering
1 7.	An RNA	A molecule that complements and	other 1	RNA is called
	(A) (C)	mRNA amplification	(B) (D)	RNA duplex antisense RNA

48.	According to Food Safety Standards following states supply purest milk?	Authority of India, which of the
	(A) Puducherry and Goa(C) Karnataka and Kerala	(B) Tamilnadu(D) Andhra Pradesh
49.	What is the current level of CO ₂ in the a	tmosphere?
	(A) 392 ppm (C) 240 ppm	(B) 300 ppm (D) 200 ppm
50.	Recently, International AIDS Vaccifollowing finding in AIDS patients:	
	(A) ART(C) Target binding	(B) Vaccine(D) Neutralizing antibody (bNAbs)
51.	Many of the biosynthesized nanoparti	cles exhibit a common property such as
	(A) antimicrobial activity(C) plasmon resonance	(B) X-RD (D) quantum dot
52.	Frederick Sanger who won the Nobel I	Prize twice discovered
	 (A) 2,3-didoexynucleotide method (B) Labeling of 3' end of DNA with (C) Automatic sequencing (D) Capillary gel sequencing 	ith P ³²
53.	The whole complex of binding an arcalled	tibody to a bacterial toxin covalently is
	(A) immuno complex(C) magic bullet	(B) immuno adhesion(D) ricin
54.	The heavy metal binding protein, met	allothionein, is rich in
	(A) arginine(C) methionine	(B) histidine(D) cysteine

55.	The firs	st genome to be sequenced was fi	rom	
		Haemophilus influenza Saccharomycetes cerevisae	. ,	E. coli Plasmodium falciparum
56.	Which	one of the following is a nitroger	n-fixin	g bacterium?
	` '	Rhizobium Acetobacter	(B) (D)	Frankia Thiobacillus
57.	The firs	et case of a life patenting was dor	ne by	
		Anand Chakrabarty Rolfe	(B) (D)	Milstein and Kohler Cocking
58.	HIV bir	nds to the following molecule:		
	(A) (C)	CD4 MHC I	(B) (D)	CD8 MHC II
59.		dy of genetic manipulation of ar metabolite is called	a cell	leading to overproduction of a
	(A) (C)	enzyme engineering metabolic derangement	(B) (D)	
60.	Which	one of the following is a radiative	e gas?	
	(A) (C)	$\begin{array}{c} H_2 \\ CO_2 \end{array}$	(B) (D)	O_2 N_2
61.	Skin co	lour in man is determined by		
	(A) (C)	single gene alleles	(B) (D)	poly genes mutant genes
62.	The hur	man genome consists of the follo	wing 1	number of genes:
	(A) (C)	100,000 30,000	(B) (D)	50,000 15,000

63.	The first recombinant protein produced	l was
02.	(A) Thrombin(C) Factor VIII	(B) Humilin (D) Cyclodextrin
64.	Gene therapy is mostly employed again	inst
	(A) genetic diseases(C) bacterial diseases	(B) fungal diseases(D) viral diseases
65.	Which of the following is a bifunction	nal enzyme?
	(A) RuBPCase (C) PEPKinase	(B) PEPCase(D) Malic enzyme
66.	The GM crop that faces biggest chal	lenge in India for commercialisation is
	(A) Bt-cotton (C) Bt-brinial	(B) Bt-maize(D) Bt-potato
67.	One of the plants that exhibits antir cancer is	nitotic activity as a prelude to treatment of
	(A) onion (C) soybean	(B) cluster bean (D) cabbage
68.	To increase drought tolerance in pl	ants, the following gene is employed:
	(A) Mtl-D (C) Bet	(B) Pro (D) HSP
69	The most popular gene to induce h	erbicide tolerance in plants is
	(A) LUC (C) aroa	(B) GFP (D) CAT
70	0. HBSAg is a very popular edible v	accine produced in
	(A) potato(C) sugarcane	(B) cauliflower(D) beet root

71.	Enzym	Enzyme can be engineered using the following technique				
		Site-directed mutagenesis Chemical mutagen		Physical mutagen Induction of disulfide bridges		
72.	In tissu	e culture the following auxin i	s primar	ily required:		
		Myo-inositol 2,4-D	` '	IPA IBA		
73.	` ,	astal regions can be guarded	` ,	tsunami more economically by		
	` '	blockades cement blocks	(B) (D)			
74.	Nucleic	acids absorb maximally at				
	(A) (C)	240 nm 260 nm	(B) (D)	250 nm 280 nm		
75.	Most hi	gher eukaryotes contain				
	(A) (C)	exons exons and introns	` '	introns overlapping genes		
76.		the final product of a metab g enzymes, the process is called		nway inhibits the action of the		
		repression catabolic repression	(B) (D)	feedback inhibition uncompetitive inhibition		
77.	The em		loyed in	plants against biotic and biotic		
	(B)	abscisic acid (ABA) salicylic acid (SA) jasmonic acid (JA) ABA-SA-JA inter metabolic	pathwa	у		



84.

organism is called

(A) light reaction

(C) photorespiration

11 In recent times, Multiphoton Fluoroscence Microscope is employed in the 78. detection of (B) jaundice (A) cancer (D) AIDS (C) malaria The most important potentially industrial application of halophilic bacteria is 79. osmoregulatory compounds (A) stress tolerant proteases (B) stress protective agents (D) salinity tolerance Jatropha is considered as a wonder plant because of its 80. (B) unpalatability to animals (A) drought tolerance (D) All of the above high oil content in seeds Which of the following is a non-leguminous plant to contain leghaemoglobin 81. in N2 fixing root nodules? (B) Paraponia andersonii (A) Arachis hypogaea (D) Cyamopsis tetragonaloba Glycine max (C) Transgenic plants accumulating glycine betaine were found to exhibit more 82. tolerance to (B) heavy metals (A) salinity (D) high temperature (C) cold An anti-oxidant vitamin is 83. (B) biotin (A) ascorbic acid (D) deoxy-calciferol (C) pantothenic acid The light-dependent uptake of O2 and evolution of CO2 in photosynthetic

(B) dark reaction

(D) oxygenase reaction

85. To avoid transgene escape to the environment, genes are chloroplast for expression and the process is called				
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	green technology	tion	
86. The antioxidants of green tea specifically prevent				vent
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)	jaundice AIDS
87.	To dist	inguish intraspecific genetic var	iation,	the identification tool employed
	(A)	RFLP	(B)	RAPD
		DNA bar coding	(D)	PCR
88.	Which	of the following is a new threat t	o the	environment?
	(A)	Heavy metals	(B)	Radioactive wastes
		Radiative gases	(D)	e-Wastes
89.	Eco RI	is isolated from		
	(A)	E. coli	(B)	A. niger
	, ,	B. thuringensis	(D)	fire fly
90.	The tot	al genetic material collected as	nd seq	uenced from an environment is
	(A)	structural genomics	(B)	metagenomics
	(C)	_	(D)	genetic diversity
91.	The vas	st majority of life on Earth is		
	(A)	plants	(B)	animals
	(C)	insects	(D)	microbes



92.	In the case of genetic diseases and spinal cord injury, the efficacy of the following therapy is tested:			
	 (A) Neural stem cells (B) Embryonic stem cells (C) Bone marrow stem cells (D) A combination of all the above 	re .		
93.	Antisense coat protein gene is used aga	ainst		
	(A) pest resistance(C) nematode resistance	(B) viral resistance(D) fungal resistance		
94.	Which of the following treatment in environmentally safe?	the control of malaria is promising and		
	 (A) Pyrethroids (B) Chloroquinone (C) Indoor spray of chemicals (D) Artemisinin-based combinati 			
95.	The genome of <i>Trichoderma sp.</i> pote product	entially codes for an industrially relevant		
	(A) Gliotoxin(C) Aegerolysins	(B) Atmospheric N₂ fixation(D) Chitinase and glucanase		
96.	One of the following is a novel o nurseries:	rnamental plant commercially grown in		
	(A) Crotons(C) Ferns	(B) Rose (D) Cycas		
97.	Helicoverpa armigera is an importar	nt pest of		
	(A) brinjal (C) potato	(B) cotton (D) papaya		

98. Given the DNA sequence, ATTAAGGC, which one of antisense RNA?			hich one of the following is the	
		AUUAAGGC CGGAATTA	(B) (D)	
99.	The transgenic plant 'flavr-savr' is characterized by			
	(A) (C)	delayed ripening aroma	(B) (D)	$\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$
100.	Photo g	ene has been identified in		
	` ,	nucleus cytoplasm	(B) (D)	mitochondrion chloroplast
101.	Which	vector is commonly used to expr	ess a 1	foreign gene in a dicot plant?
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)	
102.	. Transfer of T-DNA from Ti-plasmid into a plant cell is mediated by			
	(A) (C)	MOB genes CAT genes	(B) (D)	VIR genes OCT-NOP genes
103.	Plant de	eveloped from pollen is called		
	(A) (C)	monoecious plant sterile plant	(B) (D)	di-haploid plant androgenic plant
104.	The pro	duction of pharmaceuticals throu	ıgh <i>in</i>	vitro culture is called
	. ,	metabolic engineering biopharming	(B) (D)	_
105.	Restrict	ion endonuclease is employed in	cuttir	ng
	(A) (C)	_	(B) (D)	double-stranded DNA anti-sense RNA



106.	Reverse	transcriptase is		
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	DNA dependent DNA polyme	rase rase	
107.	The con	nmon feature among the nucleu	ıs, chlor	oplast and mitochondrion is
	(A) (C)	lamellae cristae	(B) (D)	DNA ETC
108.	A techi gene tra	nique of using very small met ansfer is called	al partic	eles coated with desired gene in
	(A) (C)	electroporation biolistics	(B) (D)	microinjection conjugation
109.	Which	of the following is a stable isot	ope?	
		P^{18} P^{32}		C ¹⁴ H ³
110.	Which detoxi	of the following bacteria fication of heavy metals?	is inv	olved in the biosorption and
	(C)	Pseudomonas aeruginosa Rhizobium japonicum	(D)	Pseudomonas putida Bradyrhizobium sp.
111.	In the	e analysis of heavy metals, ially used?	which	of the following instrument is
	(A) (C)) FTIR) Sieve chromatography	(B) (D)	
112.	Rheur	matoid arthritis is		
	(A (B (C (D	an immunosuppressive reaction a hypersensitive reaction		

113.	Nanoparticles can be confirmed by the following method:				
		X-RD SEM		UV-VIS spectrophotometer All of the above	
114.					
		Pseudomonas E. coli		Acetobacter Azotobacter	
115.	Eukaryo	otic polypeptides are synthesized	on th	e following ribosome complex:	
	(A) (C)		(B) (D)		
116.	Catalyti	ic antibodies are called			
	` ′	abzymes lysozyme	(B) (D)	ribozymes novozymes	
117.	Harvesting the solar energy is carried out by one of the plastids:				
		Amyloplast Chromoplast		Leucoplast Chloroplast	
118.	Hairy roots are induced in vitro by the following bacterium:			ng bacterium:	
		Agrobacterium tumefaciens Rhizobium japonicum		Agrobacterium rhizogens Pseudomonas sp.	
119.	The following one is a non-communicable disease:				
		Diabetes Dengue fever		Jaundice Chikungunya	
120.	According to the Human Genome Project study, what is the percentage of coding genes?				
	(A) (C)	3% 15%	(B) (D)	10% 20%	



121.	The foll	owing is the second messenger i	n plan	its:
		Calmodulin Nodulin	(B) (D)	Plasmodemma Golgi body
122.	Somacle	ones are due to variation in		
		ploidy level plastid number	(B) (D)	protein profile 2,4-D concentration
123.	Convers	sion of CO ₂ to methanol using so	lar en	ergy is called
		dark reaction light reaction		photosynthesis artificial photosynthesis
124.	Identific following		the a	genus Scylla is carried out by the
		PCR RFLP	(B) (D)	RAPD Micro array
125.	Cry1 expression in Bt cotton is affected by the following abiotic stress:			
		water stress cold stress	(B) (D)	salinity stress heat shock stress
126.	The epi	phytic lichens act as bio-indicate	ors of	
	(A) (C)	pollution ambient temperature	(B) (D)	
127.	The no	rmal BP of an individual should	be	
	(A) (C)	120/80 110/90	(B) (D)	140/90 100/80
128.	The na	noparticles are potent		
	(A) (C)	bacteriocide nematicide	(B) (D)	fungicide biopesticide

129.	The chief proponent of endosymbiosis theory is			
	` '	Rosalind Franklin Milton	(B) (D)	Darwin Margulies
130.	Sexual	incompatibility can be overcome	by	
		In vitro fertilization cloning		hybridization cell culture
131.	Aromat	tic amino acids are biosynthesize	d by a	special pathway called
		terpenoid pathway glycolate pathway		shikimic acid pathway glyoxalate pathway
132.	In addi	tion to mitochondria, there is	one m	nore power house in plant cells
		nucleus chloroplast	(B) (D)	
133.	Against dental caries, the following edible plantibody has been produced:			
		Guy's 13 antibody Ig A	(B) (D)	Ig E humanized antibody
134.	Vinblas	tin is produced by		
	` ,	Rosa indica Vernonia cinera	(B) (D)	
135.	Spacers	are present in		
		polycistronic mRNA tRNA	(B) (D)	mRNA RNAi
136.	Phyloge	enetic tree can be constructed by	using	the following software:
	(A) (C)	clustal W gene finder	(B) (D)	MSa ORF finder

137.	Which one of the following gases plays	s a key role in animal cell culture?
	(A) CO ₂ (C) H ₂	(B) O ₂ (D) O ₃
138.	In the case of nuclear power plant disa detected employing the following instr	ster, the radioactive rays emitted can be ument:
	(A) GM Counter (portable) (C) Autoradiography	(B) Blotting analysis(D) FTIR
139.	The most common substrate used in d	istilleries for the production of ethanol is
	(A) molasses(C) soya meal	(B) corn meal(D) potato starch
140.	The RNAi technology has been used	in the development of plants resistant to
	(A) insects (C) fungi	(B) nematode (D) mycoplasma
141.	The most important ornamental plant	decorating many international airports is
	(A) cycas (C) orchids	(B) fern (D) bonsai
142.	The advantage of immobilized enzyt	ne is
	(A) recycling of the enzyme(C) to get pure end product	(B) to avoid enzyme inhibition(D) to reduce the Km value
143	. Which of the following is a sugar-fr	ee plant for diabetic patient?
	(A) Stevia(C) Phyllanthus	(B) Gymnema (D) Curcuma
144	Agar agar is obtained from	
	(A) Agaricus sp.(C) Fusarium sp.	(B) polyporus(D) seaweeds

145.	For large scale production of single cell protein, the following mode of culture is resorted to:			
	(A)	Petri plate	(B)	simple culture flask
		continuous culture	(D)	bioreactor
146.	For disp	oosal of municipal organic wastes	s, the	following tool is used:
	(A)	Incineration	(B)	Vermicompost
		Fermentor	(D)	Ex situ remediation
147.	Pyrimic	line dimer is induced by		
	(A)	visible light	(B)	gamma rays
		UV rays	(D)	infra-red rays
148.	The following enzyme provides protection against UV light in plants:			ninst UV light in plants:
	(A)	Isocitrate lyase	(B)	Photolyase
	(C)	Glycolate oxidase	(D)	Peroxidase
149.	The imp	portant function of folic acid met	abolis	m is
	(A)	chlorophyll biosynthesis	(B)	Haeme biosynthesis
		DNA synthesis and repair		synthesis of cytochrome
150.	In the preparation of fast food in the modern world, the following irradiation is made use for safety purposes:			world, the following irradiation is
	(A)	UV rays	(B)	Infra red rays
	(C)	Microwaves	(D)	Gamma rays
